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#### МИНИСТЕРСТВО НАУКИ И ВЫСШЕГО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ РОССИЙСКОЙ ФЕДЕРАЦИИ

Федеральное государственное бюджетное образовательное учреждение высшего образования «Российский экономический университет имени Г.В. Плеханова» Краснодарский филиал РЭУ им. Г.В. Плеханова

Факультет экономики, менеджмента и торговли

#### Кафедра бухгалтерского учета и анализа

## ОЦЕНОЧНЫЕ МАТЕРИАЛЫ

по учебной дисциплине «Б1.В.12 Анализ деловой ситуации на иностранном языке»

Направление подготовки 38.03.02 Менеджмент

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# ОЦЕНОЧНЫЕ МАТЕРИАЛЫ

по учебной дисциплине «Анализ деловой ситуации на иностранном языке»

# ПЕРЕЧЕНЬ КОМПЕТЕНЦИЙ С УКАЗАНИЕМ РЕЗУЛЬТАТОВ ОБУЧЕНИЯ И ЭТАПОВ ИХ ФОРМИРОВАНИЯ ПО ДИСЦИПЛИНЕ

Формируемые компетенции (код и наименование компетенции)	Индикаторы достижения компетенций (код и наименование индикатора)	Результаты обучения (знания, умения)	Наименование контролируемых разделов и тем			
УК-4. Способен осуществлять деловую коммуникацию в устной и письменной формах на государственном языке Российской Федерации и иностранном (ых) языке (ах)	УК-4.3. Использует диалог для сотрудничества в социальной и профессиональной сферах	УК-4.3. У-1. Владеет нормами и моделями речевого поведения применительно к конкретной ситуации академического и профессионального взаимодействия УК-4.3. У-2. Умеет выстраивать монолог, вести диалог и полилог с соблюдением норм речевого этикета, аргументированно отстаивать свои позиции и идеи	Тема 1. Деловой стиль общения Тема 2. Деловая корреспонденция. Тема 3. Устройство на работу. Тема 4. Построение взаимоотношений с клиентами. Тема 5. Онлайн коммуникация Тема 6. Международное сотрудничество.			
ПК-2 Анализ, обоснование и выбор решения	ПК-2.1 Анализ решений с точки зрения достижения целевых показателей решений.	ПК-2.1. 3-1. Знает методы сбора, анализа, систематизации, хранения и поддержания в актуальном состоянии информации бизнесанализа ПК-2.1. У-1. Умеет планировать, организовывать и проводить встречи и обсуждения с заинтересованными сторонами; оформлять результаты бизнесанализа в соответствии с выбранными подходами.	Тема 1. Деловой стиль общения Тема 2. Деловая корреспонденция. Тема 3. Устройство на работу. Тема 4. Построение взаимоотношений с клиентами. Тема 5. Онлайн коммуникация Тема 6. Международное сотрудничество.			

# МЕТОДИЧЕСКИЕ МАТЕРИАЛЫ, ХАРАКТЕРИЗУЮЩИЕ ЭТАПЫ ФОРМИРОВАНИЯ КОМПЕТЕНЦИЙ

Перечень учебных заданий на аудиторных занятиях

#### Тема 1. Деловой стиль общения.

Индикаторы достижения: УК-4.3, ПК-2.1

Опрос по темам:

- 1. How to write emails in a formal and informal style?
- 2. How to introduce yourself at negotiations?
- 3. How to write a memo to all staff?
- 4. How to write a formal email with apologies?
- 5. How to write a formal email with requests?

#### Тема 2. Деловая корреспонденция.

Индикаторы достижения: УК-4.3, ПК-2.1

Опрос по темам:

- 1. What is perfect competition?
- 2. What factors can cause market changes?
- 3. Why are monopolies and oligopolies considered uncompetitive and undesirable? How do they act in the competitive environment?
- 4. What connects the world of competitive sport to competitive business?
- 5. Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of being a freelancer.

#### Тема 3. Устройство на работу.

Индикаторы достижения: УК-4.3, ПК-2.1

Вопросы для групповой дискуссии:

- 1. What is the importance of team building? Describe the stages if team life.
- 2. What are the criteria for quality in the organization you would like to work for?
- 3. How does a company produce new ideas?
- 4. Speak about different theories and factors that make people satisfied with their work and motivate them.
- 5. How have job priorities among employees have changed over the last 10 years?

#### Тема 4. Построение взаимоотношений с клиентами.

Индикаторы достижения: УК-4.3, ПК-2.1

Опрос по темам:

- 1. What role does DICE theory play in change management?
- 2. Which are DICE theory's 4 core elements?
- 3. Define the 4 hard factors of Change Management.
- 4. Define the process of Project Management.
- 5. How is it linked to SMART business objectives? Why do projects generally fail?

#### Тема 5. Онлайн коммуникация.

Индикаторы достижения: УК-4.3, ПК-2.1

Опрос по темам:

- 1. Explain the concept of 4Ps, as well later added 3Ps.
- 2. What do the 4Cs stand for? Compare 4Ps and 4Cs.
- 3. What are the benefits of selling On- & Offline?
- 4. What is brand identity and how does it work?
- 5. What 3 elements make the branding successful according to Mary Jo Hatch and Majken Shultz?

#### Тема 6. Международное сотрудничество.

#### Индикаторы достижения: УК-4.3, ПК-2.1

Вопросы для групповой дискуссии:

- 1. Define the process of raising finance from the point of view of business owner and from investor.
- 2. In which ways can a business raise finance, and what are the advantages and the disadvantages of each one.
- 3. Speak about the problems of raising finance from the "angel" networking clubs, bank finance and venture capital funds.
- 4. Give the tips how to achieve customer satisfaction and how to reduce customer defection?
- 5. How are customer service requirements changing? How to train staff to deal with demanding customers?

#### Критерии оценки (в баллах):

- 6,6 баллов выставляется обучающемуся, если он свободно владеет материалом по существу заданных вопросов, логично излагает мысли, проявляет способность аргументировать ответы, подкрепляя их примерами;
- 4,6 баллов выставляется обучающемуся, если он владеет материалом в полном объеме, отвечает последовательно, демонстрирует умение сравнивать и обобщать теоретический материал, допускает лишь мелкие неточности, не влияющие на сущность ответа;
- 2,6 баллов выставляется обучающемуся, если он знает материал курса дисциплины недостаточно полно, отвечает не всегда последовательно, сбивчиво и бессистемно;
- 0 баллов выставляется обучающемуся, если в ответе допущены значительные ошибки, свидетельствующие о недостаточном уровне его подготовки.

### Задания для текущего контроля

#### Тема 1. Деловой стиль общения

Индикаторы достижения: УК-4.3, ПК-2.1

#### Комплект тестов / тестовых заданий:

- 1. Give the definitions to the following words:
- 1. Communication –
- 2. Technical knowledge –
- 3. Intranet –
- 4. Knowledge officer –
- 5. Facilitate –
- 2. Give the appropriate words to the following definitions:
- 6. the promotional message aimed at creating an image, enhancing reputation, building goodwill, or advocating an idea or the philosophy of an organization, instead of sales promotion.
- 7. the act of understanding by means of the sense or of the mind
- 8.— a place at which all interactions between a customer and a product seller are provided
- 9.– connections between a person giving money to an organization and this organization in order to get profit
- 10.– a specific branch or field of study or business
- 3. Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

bush grapevine nutshell stick wall

- 11 I heard it on the you've been promoted.
- 12 I asked Rudy to say yes or no, but he just beat around the
- 13 Look, in a , my trip to Singapore was a huge success.

14 I think you got the wrong end of the . I'm not going on holiday, I'm going on a business
trip.  15 John just doesn't listen. It's like talking to a brick .
4 Choose the correct option (a–d).
16 The new assistant manager is rather He doesn't say much or seem very confident.
a) reserved b) eloquent c) responsive d) rambling
17 I'd like you to be more in your summary. I don't need every minor detail, just a
broad outline of the key points.
a) hesitant b) fluent c) succinct d) sensitive
18 It was very of you to mention the mistake he made in front of everyone. He was
very upset.
a) persuasive b) tactless c) inhibited d) focused  10. His presentation ween't perticularly.  It didn't link together year well at all
19 His presentation wasn't particularly It didn't link together very well at all. a) articulate b) vague c) coherent d) emotional
20 His responses were completely I learned nothing from them as there was no detail
at all.
a) vague b) inhibited c) concise d) extrovert
5. Complete the telephone conversation with the correct option (a–e).
A: Xenon Components, JanJohannsen speaking.
B: Hello Jan. Yoshi here from Tenta Manufacturing.
A: Hi Yoshi. How can I help you?
B: We need 10,000 more of the 125Z components.
A: Sorry, (21) I can't hear you. (22) ?
B: 125Z components.
A: I still can't hear you very well. (23)?
B: Of course.
(Yoshi's phone rings)
A: Hi, Yoshi, Jan here, let's start again.
B: 125Z – 10,000 units and we also need some of the 253S plastic sheets
A: Sorry, I didn't (24), it's a (25) I don't know why.
<ul><li>B: 253S plastic sheets.</li><li>A: Right got that.</li></ul>
a) really terrible connection
b) it's a very bad line
c) catch that
d) Can I call you back
e) Could you speak up please
o, come you special up promot
Тема 2. Деловая корреспонденция.
Индикаторы достижения: УК-4.3, ПК-2.1
Комплект тестов / тестовых заданий:
Choose the correct option (a–d).
1. The new assistant manager is rather He doesn't say much or seem very confident.
a) reserved b) eloquent c) responsive d) rambling
2. I'd like you to be more in your summary. I don't need every minor detail, just a
broad outline of the key points.
a) hesitant b) fluent c) succinct d) sensitive
3. It was very of you to mention the mistake he made in front of everyone. He was
very upset.
a) persuasive b) tactless c) inhibited d) focused  4. His presentation wasn't particularly. It didn't link together very well at all
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a, and one of the of constant a, and the one

	oletely I learned nothing from them as there was no detail
at all.	a) consiss d) sytroyert
a) vague b) inhibited	a lot using email instead of face-to-face meetings because it's easier to
make excuses when no one c	
a) off b) away with c) out	•
	of directly your ideas or products to someone powerful
who you may not be able to r	
a) launching b) engaging	
	what you mean exactly? I'm not sure I fully understand.
a) engage b) clarify	c) interrupt d) digress
	nely to our product presentation and asked lots of questions
Some even placed big orders	
1 0	c) eloquent d) responsive
	and talking about his own experiences instead of the main topic.
a) digressing b) confusing	
	ook was to students.
a) closed	h) only available c) marketed mostly
12. Universities	social media networks.
a) use	_ social media networks. b) fail to understand c) discourage the use of
13. Many business schools h	ave their own intranet that they feel Facebook.
	b) could be replaced with c) competes with
	ness schools don't have the resources available to big
companies such as Facebook	
a) financial	
15. According to the article,	the over-35s group is a Facebook market.
a) growing	
Тема 3. Устройство на раб	боту.
Индикаторы достижения	: УК-4.3, ПК-2.1
Задания для контрольной	работы:
	I from the brackets to fill the gap
1. We pay reasonable salaries	s and offer excellent fringe (perks/tips/benefits).
	0 people work in the UK (away from/ out of/ out off).
	s always full of (commuters/communers/committers).
4. When the CEO was arrested	ed our corporate was severely damaged (picture/image/logo).
	but our managing director behaves as if it belonged to him (state-
owned/state-governed/state-g	guided).
Task 2. In each gap write one	e word starting with the given letter
1.Started fifty years ago as a	family e, now it is a large multinational.
2. You will get a \$800 salary	plus 20% c on any sales you make.
3. We have a f system	but everyone must be in the office between 10 and 2.
4. After the railways were p-	the new owners laid off many workers.
5. I said hello to Jane but she	did not return my g
Task 3.Complete the text wit	h the words given below
<u>-</u>	nded exciting temporary
	t working for the same organization all the time was 1), so she
preferred 2) jobs. E	But already in the very first days of her work for ADV she felt that she
wanted to stay there. It was n	ot that her job in ADV was more 3) than in other companies
where she had worked. It was	s the atmosphere that made the difference. All people around her were

co-workers were like in a big 5) ...... family. Тема 4. Построение взаимоотношений с клиентами. Индикаторы достижения: УК-4.3, ПК-2.1 Задания для контрольной работы: Task 1. Choose the best word from the brackets to fill the gap 1. We pay reasonable salaries and offer excellent fringe ........ (perks/tips/benefits). 2. There are currently 780,000 people ...... work in the UK (away from/ out of/ out off). 3. The 7.30 train to London is always full of ...... (commuters/communers/committers). 4. When the CEO was arrested our corporate ...... was severely damaged (picture/image/logo). 5. Our company is ....., but our managing director behaves as if it belonged to him (stateowned/state-governed/state-guided). Task 2. In each gap write one word starting with the given letter 1.S tarted fifty years ago as a family e-----, now it is a large multinational. 2. You will get a \$800 salary plus 20% c----- on any sales you make. 3. We have a f----- system but everyone must be in the office between 10 and 2. 4. After the railways were p----- the new owners laid off many workers. 5. I said hello to Jane but she did not return my g-----. Task 3.Complete the text with the words given below approachable boring extended exciting temporary Mary James used to think that working for the same organization all the time was 1) ......, so she preferred 2) ......jobs. But already in the very first days of her work for ADV she felt that she wanted to stay there. It was not that her job in ADV was more 3) ...... than in other companies where she had worked. It was the atmosphere that made the difference. All people around her were nice and friendly, all managers were open and 4) ............ It seemed to Mary that relations between co-workers were like in a big 5) ...... family. Тема 5. Онлайн коммуникация. Индикаторы достижения: УК-4.3, ПК-2.1 Комплект тестов / тестовых заданий: MBA students at Haas first meet one another \_\_\_ a) when they arrive b) using the Haas intranet c) on Facebook 2. Most Haas students and alumni use \_\_\_\_\_\_ networking site. b) more than one c) the Business Because a) only their favourite 3. We've that the risks are minimal so we're going ahead with the expansion plan. a) calculated b) weighed c) minimised d) faced \_\_\_\_\_ all risks, but you can limit them. 4. You can never really \_\_\_ b) encounter c) eliminate a) emanate d) expect 5. Several people had accidents because of the faulty product. The company will have to pay product\_\_ \_\_\_\_ costs. a) responsibility b) damages c) catastrophe d) liability 6. Once we have \_\_\_\_\_ any risks which may occur, we can then do everything we can to avoid them. a) identified b) insured c) reduced d) spread 7. When we start doing business overseas we're likely to many unfamiliar risks so we must be careful.

a) reduce

b) gauge

c) assess

d) face

8. We re taking a risk investing neavity in expansion in the current economic climate.
We could lose everything.
a) potential b) tremendous c) miniscule d) immediate
9. The chances of another ship sinking tomorrow are It's just not going to happen
again for a very long time.
a) negligible b) considerable c) substantial d) huge
10. We need to the pros and cons of this joint venture. Is it really as good as it seems to
be?
a) encounter b) foresee c) evaluate d) anticipate
11. It's unlikely that there will be another such as an earthquake or tsunami in the
region for quite a while, so we don't need to worry.
a) damages b) catastrophe c) accumulation d) liability
12. No one could have the events which led to the disaster last year. They were totally
unexpected.
a) predicted b) estimated c) calculated d) faced
13. The electricity has been so the electricity company can do major repairs to the
network.
a) mismatched b) disconnected c) broken down d) reduced
14. Team building exercises should creativity in their participants, so they usually include
exercises that require imagination.
a) build b) motivate c) inspire d) break down
15. One of our main income is the service side of the business.
a) streams b) ventures c) barriers d) locations
Тема 6. Международное сотрудничество.
Индикаторы достижения: УК-4.3, ПК-2.1
Variation and I managed to the second
Комплект тестов / тестовых заданий:
1. The main purpose of team building courses is to team spirit.
a) match b) foster c) prepare d) contribute
2. I'm afraid that she is very and can never find anything on her desk.
a) mismatched b) intolerant c) disorganised d) impractical
3. The two companies have a agreement about their target markets so there won't be
any problems.
a) disloyal b) bilateral c) indecisive d) multicultural
4. Staff morale is very low at the moment so we must try to our staff as soon as
possible.
<ul><li>a) reduce</li><li>b) maximise</li><li>c) remotivate</li><li>d) disconnect</li><li>5. He has no vision and can never see how good our ideas are. He's so</li></ul>
The has no vision and can never see now good our ideas are the siso
a) impatient b) unfocused c) inefficient d) unimaginative
<ul> <li>a) impatient b) unfocused c) inefficient d) unimaginative</li> <li>6. We've invested a lot in our staff so we must try to staff turnover.</li> </ul>
a) impatient b) unfocused c) inefficient d) unimaginative 6. We've invested a lot in our staff so we must try to staff turnover. a) reduce b) inspire c) maximise d) build
a) impatient b) unfocused c) inefficient d) unimaginative 6. We've invested a lot in our staff so we must try to staff turnover. a) reduce b) inspire c) maximise d) build 7. He seemed very about our idea. I don't think he liked it at all.
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a) impatient b) unfocused c) inefficient d) unimaginative  6. We've invested a lot in our staff so we must try to staff turnover.  a) reduce b) inspire c) maximise d) build  7. He seemed very about our idea. I don't think he liked it at all.  a) unenthusiastic b) unsociable c) unstable d) unexpected  8. I'm sorry, but it just my mind. I'll do it now.
a) impatient b) unfocused c) inefficient d) unimaginative 6. We've invested a lot in our staff so we must try to staff turnover. a) reduce b) inspire c) maximise d) build 7. He seemed very about our idea. I don't think he liked it at all. a) unenthusiastic b) unsociable c) unstable d) unexpected 8. I'm sorry, but it just my mind. I'll do it now. a) missed b) passed c) ripped d) slipped
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a) impatient b) unfocused c) inefficient d) unimaginative 6. We've invested a lot in our staff so we must try to staff turnover. a) reduce b) inspire c) maximise d) build 7. He seemed very about our idea. I don't think he liked it at all. a) unenthusiastic b) unsociable c) unstable d) unexpected 8. I'm sorry, but it just my mind. I'll do it now. a) missed b) passed c) ripped d) slipped 9. The shop immediately gave me a for the faulty product. a) compensation b) refund c) payment d) remuneration 10. Today many companies offer money-back to try to encourage people to buy and try their products.
a) impatient b) unfocused c) inefficient d) unimaginative 6. We've invested a lot in our staff so we must try to staff turnover. a) reduce b) inspire c) maximise d) build 7. He seemed very about our idea. I don't think he liked it at all. a) unenthusiastic b) unsociable c) unstable d) unexpected 8. I'm sorry, but it just my mind. I'll do it now. a) missed b) passed c) ripped d) slipped 9. The shop immediately gave me a for the faulty product. a) compensation b) refund c) payment d) remuneration 10. Today many companies offer money-back to try to encourage people to buy and try

a) purposes	b) rapport	c) meaning	d) reasons		
12. Customers	are loyal to th	ose companies	who are prepar	red to	the extra mile with their
customer serv	ice.				
a) put	b) do	c) go	d) make		
13. We need to	o get to the	of th	is and find out	what the real p	problem is.
a) top	b) centre	c) bottom	d) middle		
14. Customer	care staff are tr	ained to develo	p a	_ with their	customers.
a) relation	b) rapport	c) report	d) feel	ing	
15. I think we	were	off. We p	aid far too mu	ch for those ch	airs.
a) ripped	b) taken	c) pass	ed	d) paid	

#### Критерии оценки (в баллах):

- 6,6 баллов выставляется обучающемуся, если было получено 85-100% правильных вариантов ответов на вопросы тестов или на задания, предусмотренные контрольной работой;
- 4,6 баллов выставляется обучающемуся, если было получено 70-84% правильных вариантов ответов на вопросы тестов или на задания, предусмотренные контрольной работой;
- 2,6 баллов выставляется обучающемуся, если было получено 50-69% правильных вариантов ответов на вопросы тестов или на задания, предусмотренные контрольной работой;
- 0 баллов выставляется обучающемуся, если было получено менее 50% правильных вариантов ответов на вопросы тестов или на задания, предусмотренные контрольной работой.

# Задания для творческого рейтинга

#### Тема 1. Деловой стиль общения

Индикаторы достижения: УК-4.3, ПК-2.1

#### Темы докладов:

- 1. Конкуренция. Составляющие понятие конкуренции.
- 2. Типы деривативов.
- 3. Составление диаграмм связей и конспектирование.
- 4. Тенденции бизнеса и будущее. STEEP анализ
- 5. Мировая индустрия и глобальный потребитель.
- 6. Правила оформления текста для слайдов презентации
- 7. Система вознаграждения в российских и международных компаниях.
- 8. Роль финансовых фьючерсов на бирже.
- 9. Первый деловой контакт по email.
- 10. Теория Э. де Боно.
- 11. Хедж фонды и инвестиционные фонды.
- 12. Описание бизнес-процесса.

#### Тема 2. Деловая корреспонденция.

Индикаторы достижения: УК-4.3, ПК-2.1

#### Темы индивидуальных проектов:

- 1. STEEP Analysis of Global Companies
- 2. Designs for Cultivating Creative Thinking at work
- 3. Recent Multinational Mergers /outcomes/

- 4. Project Management Company Profile
- 5. Financial planning
- 6. Microfinance Institutions
- 7. SWOT Analysis of auditing companies in Russia

#### Тема 3. Устройство на работу.

Индикаторы достижения: УК-4.3, ПК-2.1

#### Темы индивидуальных проектов:

- 1. STEEP Analysis of Global Companies
- 2. Designs for Cultivating Creative Thinking at work
- 3. Recent Multinational Mergers /outcomes/
- 4. Project Management Company Profile
- 5. Financial planning
- 6. Microfinance Institutions
- 7. SWOT Analysis of auditing companies in Russia

#### Тема 4. Построение взаимоотношений с клиентами.

Индикаторы достижения: УК-4.3, ПК-2.1

#### Темы групповых проектов:

- 1. Categories of stocks and shares
- 2. Successful Company Employee Reward Systems
- 3. Organization Framework
- 4. Company Change Management Programs
- 5. Shareholders
- 6. Adoption and Implementation of ABC Accounting Method in Russia or in other countries
- 7. Socially Responsible Companies

#### Тема 5. Онлайн коммуникация.

Индикаторы достижения: УК-4.3, ПК-2.1

#### Темы эссе:

- 1. Эффективное управление
- 2. Управление человеческими ресурсами
- 3. Управление временем
- 4. Управление доходами
- 5. Менеджмент Организации
- 6. Финансовый Менеджмент
- 7. Менеджмент коммерческой деятельности
- 8. Менеджмент предпринимательской деятельности
- 9. Управление инновационным бизнесом
- 10. Финансовые документы

#### Тема 6. Международное сотрудничество.

Индикаторы достижения: УК-4.3, ПК-2.1

#### Темы индивидуальных проектов:

1. STEEP Analysis of Global Companies

- 2. Designs for Cultivating Creative Thinking at work
- 3. Recent Multinational Mergers /outcomes/
- 4. Project Management Company Profile
- 5. Financial planning
- 6. Microfinance Institutions
- 7. SWOT Analysis of auditing companies in Russia

#### Критерии оценки (в баллах):

- 5 баллов выставляется обучающемуся, если он свободно владеет материалом по существу заданных вопросов, логично излагает мысли, проявляет способность аргументировать ответы;
- 3 балла выставляется обучающемуся, если он владеет материалом в полном объеме, отвечает последовательно, демонстрирует умение сравнивать и обобщать материал, допускает лишь мелкие неточности, не влияющие на сущность ответа;
- 2 балла выставляется обучающемуся, если он знает материал курса дисциплины недостаточно полно, отвечает не всегда последовательно;
- 0 баллов выставляется обучающемуся, если ответ не соответствует требованиям и требует доработки.

# МЕТОДИЧЕСКИЕ МАТЕРИАЛЫ, ХАРАКТЕРИЗУЮЩИЕ ЭТАПЫ ФОРМИРОВАНИЯ КОМПЕТЕНЦИЙ ВО ВРЕМЯ ПРОВЕДЕНИЯ ПРОМЕЖУТОЧНОЙ АТТЕСТАЦИИ

#### Структура зачетного задания

1.	Вопрос 1.
2.	Вопрос 2.
3.	Тестовое задание.

## Задания, включаемые в зачетное задание

#### Перечень вопросов к зачету с оценкой:

- 1. What difference does a degree make to your career and your earning potential?
- 2. Why do private business schools meet no resistance to price increase?
- 3. What methods of financing your education can you list? What are their advantages and disadvantages?
- 4. What interview questions are the most difficult to answer? How will you answer them?
- 5. What is the purpose and structure of a cover letter?
- 6. Do you expect technology to make your life easier or harder?
- 7. Which 3 forces have dramatically changed the work environment?
- 8. When experienced staff leave a company, what are the consequences?
- 9. What reasons can you think of to explain why experienced staff may leave a company?
- 10. What is the purpose of a memo? What is the structure of a memo?
- 11. What factors influence your decision to buy?
- 12. What is the idea of TQM and who promoted it in the USA?
- 13. What are the principles of lean manufacturing/6Sigma?
- 14. Why do companies need to have planned obsolescence in mind?
- 15. What is important to know to write a formal/informal email?
- 16. What are four key elements of an efficient team work?
- 17. Describe your personality, your strengths and weaknesses and what you would be good or bad at doing a project.
- 18. Speak about two procedures for coaching team members.
- 19. What is the structure of a report? What should you write under each heading?
- 20. In your opinion, can the same business methods and ethical standards be applied all over the world? Should they be adapted to local culture?
  - 21. How do you define SMM?
  - 22. What SMM practices are considered to be unfair? Why are they damaging?
  - 23. What are the variables of the marketing mix? Explain the notions: marketing coherency and marketing dynamics. Give examples of successful marketing coherency and marketing dynamics.
  - 24. List marketing techniques and explain their meaning.
  - 25. What promotion techniques are used to stimulate sales? Give examples.
  - 26. What techniques do salespeople commonly use to deal with objections?
  - 27. How will you structure your mailshot? What useful tips can you give?
  - 28. What will motivate you to start a business?
  - 29. How to build a blockbuster brand?
  - 30. What sources of funding start-ups and small companies would you recommend? Comment on their advantages and disadvantages.
  - 31. Why may business angels turn down young entrepreneurs' proposals?

- 32. What mistakes do young entrepreneurs make in their business plans?
- 33. What pieces of advice will you give for fielding questions? What are 5 types of questions and how to deal with them?
- 34. What are key points to remember about writing a winning company profile?
- 35. How has the perception of accountancy changed? What is the difference between forensic accountants and other accountancy professionals?
- 36. To what extent do you think accountancy is a good career choice? Is
- 37. technology likely to make accountancy easier or more difficult in the future?t (your own research)
- 38. How do you keep tracks of your personal finance?
- 39. What are three main accounting documents? What information do they provide?
- 40. How to make meetings more productive? What information should the meeting minutes contain?
- 41. Виды деловых писем.
- 42. Структура деловых писем.
- 43. Другие виды деловой корреспонденции.
- 44. Ведение телефонных переговоров.
- 45. Телефонный этикет.
- 46. Заказ и бронирование билетов по телефону.
- 47. Написание резюме.
- 48. Составление заявления о приеме на работу.
- 49. Прохождение собеседования.
- 50. Стратегия развития компании.
- 51. Организация деловой встречи.
- 52. Назначение и отмена деловой встречи.
- 53. Подготовка презентации.
- 54. Основные стадии презентации.
- 55. Рекламные ходы.
- 56. Маркетинговая политика компании.

#### Тестовые задания к зачету с оценкой

1. The new assistant management	ger is rather	He doesn't say much or seem very confident.
a) reserved b) eloquent	c) responsive	d) rambling
2. I'd like you to be more	in y	your summary. I don't need every minor detail, just a
broad outline of the key poin	nts.	
a) hesitant b) fluent	c) succinct	d) sensitive
3. It was very	of you to menti	ion the mistake he made in front of everyone. He was
very upset.		
a) persuasive b) tactless	c) inhibited	d) focused
4. His presentation wasn't	particularly	It didn't link together very well at all.
a) articulate b) vague		
5. His responses were com	pletely	I learned nothing from them as there was no detail
at all.		
a) vague b) inhibited	c) concise	d) extrovert
6. You can get	_ a lot using em	ail instead of face-to-face meetings because it's easier to
make excuses when no one o	can see you.	
a) off b) away with c) out	d) on with	
7. Email is also a good way	y of directly	your ideas or products to someone powerful
who you may not be able to	meet otherwise.	
a) launching b) engaging	c) influencing	d) pitching
8. Could you please	what you	mean exactly? I'm not sure I fully understand.

a) engage b) clarify	<ul><li>c) interrupt</li></ul>	d) digress		
9. The audience was extrem	nely	_ to our product p	presentation and aske	ed lots of questions.
Some even placed big orders				•
a) focused b) persuasive		d) responsive		
10. The speaker kept	and talkii	ng about his own e	experiences instead of	of the main topic.
a) digressing b) confusing	c) interrupting	d) clarifying	mperionoes mistome	or the mount topic.
11. When it launched, Faceb			nte	
<ul><li>a) closed</li><li>12. Universities</li></ul>	cocial media	networks	marketed mostry	
				,¢
a) use				
13. Many business schools h				DOOK.
a) is much better than				
14. The article says that busing		on't have the	resources av	ailable to big
companies such as Facebook	•			
<ul><li>a) financial</li><li>15. According to the article,</li></ul>	b) IT	c)	networking	
15. According to the article,	the over-35s gr	oup is a	Facebook market	•
a) growing	b) steady	c)	shrinking	
16. MBA students at Haas fi				
a) when they arrive	b) using the H	aas intranet c)	on Facebook	
17. Most Haas students and				
a) only their favourite				se
18. We've that	the risks are mi	nimal so we're go	oing ahead with the	expansion plan.
a) calculated b) weighed			$\mathcal{E}$	1 1
19. You can never really			mit them	
a) emanate b) encounter	c) eliminate	d) expect		
20. Several people had accid			t The company wil	l have to pay
product costs.		the faulty produce	t. The company win	nave to pay
a) responsibility b) dan	names c) cata	etrophe d) liabilit	<b>V</b> 7	
21. Once we have				overything we con
to avoid them.	ally lisks wi	iicii iiiay occui, w	e can then do	everything we can
	a) maduaad	d) amma d		
a) identified b) insured				C '1' ' 1
22. When we start doing bus			many	unfamiliar risks so
we must be careful.				
a) reduce b) gauge				
23. We're taking a	risk investi	ng heavily in expa	insion in the current	economic climate.
We could lose everything.				
a) potential b) tremendous				
24. The chances of another s	hip sinking ton	norrow are	It's just not	going to happen
again for a very long time.				
a) negligible b) considerable	le c) subs	stantial d) huge		
25. We need to	the pros and co	ons of this joint ve	nture. Is it really as	good as it seems to
be?	1	3	•	
a) encounter b) foresee	c) evaluate	d) anticipate		
26. It's unlikely that there w		-	s an earthquake or	tsunami in the
region for quite a while, so w				
a) damages b) catastrophe		-	V	
27. No one could have				They were totally
unexpected.	the even	is which led to the	disaster fast year.	They were totally
a) predicted b) estimated	c) calculated	d) faced		
28. The electricity has been			nnany can do major	ranaire to the
	80	the ciccurcity col	npany can uo major	repairs to the
network.	onnooted	a) buolson darre	d) madera ad	
a) mismatched b) disc	omecieu	c) blokeli down	a) reduced	

29. Team building exercises should creativity in their participants, so they usually include	<b>6</b>
exercises that require imagination.	
a) build b) motivate c) inspire d) break down	
30. One of our main income is the service side of the business.	
a) streams b) ventures c) barriers d) locations	
31. The main purpose of team building courses is to team spirit.	
a) match b) foster c) prepare d) contribute	
32. I'm afraid that she is very and can never find anything on her desk.	
a) mismatched b) intolerant c) disorganised d) impractical	
33. The two companies have a agreement about their target markets so there won't be	<b>1</b> e
any problems.	, .
a) disloyal b) bilateral c) indecisive d) multicultural	
34. Staff morale is very low at the moment so we must try to our staff as soon as	
possible.	
a) reduce b) maximise c) remotivate d) disconnect	
35. He has no vision and can never see how good our ideas are. He's so	
a) impatient b) unfocused c) inefficient d) unimaginative	
36. We've invested a lot in our staff so we must try to staff turnover.	
a) reduce b) inspire c) maximise d) build	
37. He seemed very about our idea. I don't think he liked it at all.	
a) unenthusiastic b) unsociable c) unstable d) unexpected	
38. I'm sorry, but it just my mind. I'll do it now.	
a) missed b) passed c) ripped d) slipped	
39. The shop immediately gave me a for the faulty product.	
a) compensation b) refund c) payment d) remuneration	
40. Today many companies offer money-back to try to encourage people to buy and	try
their products.	
a) refunds b) compensation c) guarantees d) payments	
41. I think we've been talking at cross Shall we start again?	
a) purposes b) rapport c) meaning d) reasons	
42. Customers are loyal to those companies who are prepared to the extra mile with their	ır
customer service.	
a) put b) do c) go d) make	
43. We need to get to the of this and find out what the real problem is.	
a) top b) centre c) bottom d) middle	
44. Customer care staff are trained to develop a with their customers.	
a) relation b) rapport c) report d) feeling	
45. I think we were off. We paid far too much for those chairs.	
a) ripped b) taken c) passed d) paid	
46. When you return goods, you need to show of purchase.	
a) receipt b) note c) sign d) proof	
47. It was the last when they refused to give me my money back, so I wrote a letter	to
the CEO.	
a) buck b) straw c) time d) complaint	
48. We'll finally be in the black next year, after we're repaid our .	
a) grant b) dividend c) loan	
49. When we began, we got our capital from friends and family.	
a) credit b) start-up c) asset	
50. We on the loan when we missed our January payment.	
a) overnaid b) defaulted c) ripped off	

#### Типовые кейсы:

#### Кейс 1

#### **ISSUE**

Westlake is an American university. Two years ago, the university organised a study trip to Poland and the Czech Republic, so that students could learn about the counties' culture and history. Unfortunately, the organizers made many mistakes and the trip was not successful. This year, they will take another group of students (aged 18-21) to the same area. They want to avoid the mistakes they made in the past.

#### **AGENDA**

- 1. Discuss the possible problems that may arise in a trip like this.
- 2. Hold the meeting to discuss the most serious problems.
- 3. Rank the problems in order of seriousness.
- 4. Make suggestions which will make the next trip more successful.

#### Notes to the agenda

1. Discuss the possible problems that may arise in a trip like this.

Brainstorm possible problems in small groups of colleagues before going to a meeting.

2. Hold the meeting to discuss the most serious problems.

Representatives of the groups should share their ideas concerning the most serious issues.

3. Rank the problems in order of seriousness.

Representatives of the groups should build up a list of problems in order of seriousness.

4. Make suggestions which will make the next trip more successful.

Trip organisers decide on the best ways to avoid difficulties in the next trip.

#### Кейс 2

H&M: First Sweden then the World.

#### www.hm.com

If you have an eye for fashion and a good sense of value, chances are you already know about H&M. The Swedish company has grown to be the world's second-largest apparel company by pursuing a balance of cutting-edge style, quality, and attractive prices.

H&M started in 1947 as a women's clothing store in Västerås, Sweden. International expansion came slowly at first, with stores in Norway in 1964, Denmark in 1967, and the United Kingdom in 1976. The product range expanded as well, with the addition of men's and children's lines and eventually cosmetics and items for the home. Germany, currently the company's largest market, followed in 1980. The pace accelerated through the 1990s, and by 2013, the company boasted 3,000 stores in more than 50 countries. Even with so many stores in operation, H&M still aims to expand by 10 to 15 percent every year.

To be sure, H&M's global expansion has not gone uncontested. Its biggest competitor overall—and the world's largest clothing retailer—is the multibrand Spanish company Inditex. Inditex's biggest chain, Zara, is still relatively unknown in the United States but has a huge presence in Europe and other markets. Zara is highly regarded as the innovator of "fast fashion," in which high-speed design, production, and distribution systems can jump on trend shifts and get new styles into retail shops in as little as two or three weeks. Inditex isn't sitting still either, with plans to open 1,000 new stores in the next few years.

Imagine you are Karl-Johan Persson, H&M's managing director and chief executive officer. How would you plot the company's continuing global expansion?

Would you use the same business strategies in every country or adapt to local markets?

Would you present H&M as a consistent global brand or modify the presentation for each country? How would you keep growing when you're already the world's second-largest apparel retailer?

#### Типовые тестовые задания:

Индикаторы достижения: УК-4.3, ПК-2.1

[.	Give	the	definitions	to	the	foll	lowing	words	
----	------	-----	-------------	----	-----	------	--------	-------	--

- 1. Communication –
- 2. Technical knowledge –
- 3. Intranet –
- 4. Knowledge officer –
- 5. Facilitate –

#### II. Give the appropriate words to the following definitions:

- 6. the promotional message aimed at creating an image, enhancing reputation, building goodwill, or advocating an idea or the philosophy of an organization, instead of sales promotion.
- 7. the act of understanding by means of the sense or of the mind
- 8.- a place at which all interactions between a customer and a product seller are provided
- 9.— connections between a person giving money to an organization and this organization in order to get profit
- 10.– a specific branch or field of study or business

III.	Complet	e the	sentences	with	the	words	in	the	box
------	---------	-------	-----------	------	-----	-------	----	-----	-----

bush grapevine nutshell stick wall
11 I heard it on the you've been promoted.
12 I asked Rudy to say yes or no, but he just beat around the
13 Look, in a , my trip to Singapore was a huge success.
14 I think you got the wrong end of the . I'm not going on holiday, I'm going on a business
trip.
15 John just doesn't listen. It's like talking to a brick .
IV Choose the correct option (a-d).
16 The new assistant manager is rather He doesn't say much or seem very confident.
a) reserved b) eloquent c) responsive d) rambling
17 I'd like you to be more in your summary. I don't need every minor detail, just a
broad outline of the key points.
a) hesitant b) fluent c) succinct d) sensitive
18 It was very of you to mention the mistake he made in front of everyone. He was
very upset.
a) persuasive b) tactless c) inhibited d) focused
19 His presentation wasn't particularly It didn't link together very well at all. a) articulate b) vague c) coherent d) emotional
a) articulate b) vague c) coherent d) emotional
20 His responses were completely I learned nothing from them as there was no detail
at all.
a) vague b) inhibited c) concise d) extrovert
V. Complete the telephone conversation with the correct option (a–e).
A: Xenon Components, JanJohannsen speaking.
B: Hello Jan. Yoshi here from Tenta Manufacturing.
A: Hi Yoshi. How can I help you?
B: We need 10,000 more of the 125Z components.
A: Sorry, (21) I can't hear you. (22)?
B: 125Z components.
A: I still can't hear you very well. (23)?
B: Of course.
(Yoshi's phone rings)
A: Hi, Yoshi, Jan here, let's start again.
B: 125Z – 10,000 units and we also need some of the 253S plastic sheets

A: Sorry, I didn't (24)	, it's a (25)	I don't know why.
B: 253S plastic sheets.		
A: Right got that.		
a) really terrible connection		
b) it's a very bad line		
c) catch that		
d) Can I call you back		
e) Could you speak up pleas	se	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
<b>Choose the correct option</b>	(a-d).	
1. The new assistant mana	ger is rather	He doesn't say much or seem very confident.
a) reserved b) eloquent	c) responsive d) rambl	ing
		nary. I don't need every minor detail, just a
broad outline of the key poi		, , ,
a) hesitant b) fluent		ive
		stake he made in front of everyone. He was
very upset.	- · J · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, , , , , , , , , , ,
a) persuasive b) tactless	c) inhibited d) focus	ed
		It didn't link together very well at all.
a) articulate b) vague	c) coherent d) emoti	onal
		arned nothing from them as there was no detail
at all.	. 110	
a) vague b) inhibited	c) concise d) extrov	vert
		I of face-to-face meetings because it's easier to
make excuses when no one		of face to face meetings because it is easier to
a) off b) away with c) ou	•	
		your ideas or products to someone powerful
who you may not be able to		your racas or products to someone powerful
a) launching b) engaging		nα
		actly? I'm not sure I fully understand.
a) engage b) clarify	c) interrupt d) digres	c
		oroduct presentation and asked lots of questions.
Some even placed big order		broduct presentation and asked lots of questions.
		acivo
a) focused b) persuasive		
a) digressing b) confusing		nis own experiences instead of the main topic.
11. When it launched, Face	b) only sysilable	to students.
a) closed 12. Universities	b) only available	c) marketed mostry
12. Universities	Social media networks	o.
		c) discourage the use of
		at they feel Facebook.
a) is much better than		
		the resources available to big
companies such as Faceboo		1.
a) financial	b) IT	c) networking
15. According to the article	, the over-35s group is a	Facebook market.
a) growing		c) shrinking
16. MBA students at Haas	irst meet one another	
a) when they arrive		
17. Most Haas students and		
		c) the Business Because
18. We've tha	t the risks are minimal so	we're going ahead with the expansion plan.

a) calculated	b) weighed	c) minimised	d) faced		
19. You can n	ever really	all ris	ks, but you can limit	them.	
a) emanate	b) encounter	c) eliminate	d) expect		
20. Several pe	ople had accide	ents because of	the faulty product.	The company wil	ll have to pay
product	costs.				
	•	,	strophe d) liability		
21. Once we h	nave	any risks wh	ich may occur, we c	an then do	everything we can
to avoid them.					
	b) insured				
		iness overseas	we're likely to	many	unfamiliar risks so
we must be ca					
	b) gauge				
		risk investii	ng heavily in expansi	on in the current	economic climate.
We could lose					
	b) tremendous	*			
		nip sinking tom	orrow are	It's just not	going to happen
again for a ver					
			tantial d) huge	T 1. 11	
	0	the pros and co	ns of this joint ventu	re. Is it really as	good as it seems to
be?	1 \ C	1 1	1) 4' ' 4		
a) encounter	b) foresee	c) evaluate	a) anticipate		400000000000000000000000000000000000000
26. It's unlike	iy that there wi	II be another _	such as a	n eartnquake or	tsunami in the
-	te a while, so w		•		
		*	on d) liability is which led to the di	costor lost woor	They were totally
unexpected.	outd mave	the event	s which led to the di	saster fast year.	They were totally
	b) estimated	c) calculated	d) faced		
			the electricity compa	any can do maior	renairs to the
network.	icity has occii_	50	the electricity compa	my can do major	repairs to the
	h) disc	onnected	c) broken down	d) reduced	
			creativity in their pa		v usually include
	require imagina		creativity in their pa	reresponds, so the	, asaumy merade
			d) break down		
30. One of our	r main income	is	the service side of the	ne business.	
	b) ventures				
,	-,	.,	,		

#### Критерии оценки (в баллах):

- 40 баллов выставляется обучающемуся, ответы которого на поставленные в задании вопросы излагаются логично, последовательно и не требуют дополнительных пояснений, он не затрудняется с ответом при видоизменении задания, при решении практических заданий применяет верную методику и показывает глубокие знания изученного материала, подтверждает полное освоение компетенций, предусмотренных программой;
- 30 баллов выставляется обучающемуся, твердо знающему программный материал, грамотно и по существу излагающего его, допускающему не существенные неточности при освещении основного содержания ответа и в ответе на дополнительные вопросы, которые он легко исправляет по замечанию преподавателя, правильно применяющему теоретические положения при решении практических заданий, в целом подтверждает освоение компетенций, предусмотренных программой;
- 20 баллов выставляется обучающемуся, который имеет знания только основного материала, но не усвоил его детали, допускает неточности, недостаточно правильные формулировки, нарушения последовательности в изложении программного материала и испытывает

трудности в выполнении практических заданий, частично раскрывает содержание дополнительных вопросов, подтверждает освоение компетенций, предусмотренных программой на минимально допустимом уровне;

- 10 балла выставляется обучающемуся, который значительную часть теоретического содержание курса не освоил, необходимые практические навыки не сформировал, не подтвердил освоение компетенций, предусмотренных программой.

# Расчет баллов по выполнению учебных заданий на аудиторных занятиях и результатам текущего контроля

Расчет баллов по выполнению учебных заданий на аудиторных занятиях и результатам текущего контроля представлен в таблице.

Форма проведения текущего контроля	Номер темы, выносимой на контроль	Максимальное количество работ, опросов на 1 студента в семестр	Количество баллов, максимально
Выполнение учебных заданий на аудиторных занятиях			
Опрос	1, 2, 4, 5	4	13
Групповая дискуссия	3, 6	2	7
Всего:			20
Текущий контроль, в т.ч.:			
Контрольная работа	3, 4	2	7
Тест	1, 2, 5, 6	4	13
Всего:			20

#### Критерии оценки творческого рейтинга

Распределение баллов осуществляется по решению кафедры и результат распределения баллов за соответствующие виды работ представляется в виде следующей таблицы

Вид работы по темам дисциплины	Количество
	баллов,
	максимально
Выполнение индивидуального проекта, группового проекта, эссе,	5
доклада	
Разработка в составе команды для последующего использования в	5
учебном процессе:	
- наглядных пособий,	
- лекции-визуализации,	
- сценария деловой игры,	
- одной или нескольких ситуационных задач или кейсов,	
- сценария дискуссии, в том числе в форме виртуальной дискуссии,	
мозгового штурма, тематического круглого стола,	
- кроссворда,	
- тестов.	
Публикация авторской статьи и (или) написание студенческой научной	
работы, участие в научной студенческой конференции	5

Вид работы по темам дисциплины	Количество
	баллов,
	максимально
Работа в научных кружках и (или) участие в конкурсе студенческих научных работ, олимпиаде, создание презентации, написание реферата,	5
доклада	
Итого	20

# Показатели и критерии оценивания планируемых результатов освоения компетенций и результатов обучения, шкала оценивания

I	Икала оценивания	Формируемые компетенции	Индикатор достижения компетенции	Критерии оценивания	Уровень освоения компетенций
85 — 100 баллов	«отлично»/ «зачтено»	УК-4 ПК-2	УК-4.3 ПК-2.1	Знает верно и в полном объеме: методы сбора, анализа, систематизации, хранения и поддержания в актуальном состоянии информации бизнесанализа.  Умеет верно и в полном объеме: выстраивать монолог, вести диалог и полилог с соблюдением норм речевого этикета, аргументированно отстаивать свои позиции и идеи; владеет нормами и моделями речевого поведения применительно к конкретной ситуации академического и профессионального взаимодействия; планировать, организовывать и проводить встречи и обсуждения с заинтересованными сторонами; оформлять результаты бизнесанализа в соответствии с выбранными подходами.	Продвинутый
70 – 84 баллов	«хорошо»/ «зачтено»	УК-4 ПК-2		Знает с незначительными замечаниями: методы сбора, анализа, систематизации, хранения и поддержания в актуальном состоянии информации бизнесанализа.  Умеет с незначительными замечаниями: выстраивать монолог, вести диалог и полилог с соблюдением норм речевого этикета, аргументированно отстаивать свои позиции и идеи; владеет нормами и моделями речевого поведения применительно к конкретной ситуации академического и профессионального взаимодействия; планировать,	Повышенный

50 – 69 баллов	«удовлетворительно»/ «зачтено»	УК-4 ПК-2	УК-4.3 ПК-2.1	организовывать и проводить встречи и обсуждения с заинтересованными сторонами; оформлять результаты бизнесанализа в соответствии с выбранными подходами.  Знает на базовом уровне, с ошибками: методы сбора, анализа, систематизации, хранения и поддержания в актуальном состоянии информации бизнесанализа.  Умеет на базовом уровне, с ошибками: выстраивать монолог, вести диалог и полилог с соблюдением норм речевого этикета, аргументированно отстаивать свои позиции и идеи; владеет нормами и моделями речевого поведения применительно к конкретной ситуации академического и профессионального взаимодействия; планировать, организовывать и проводить встречи и обсуждения с заинтересованными сторонами; оформлять результаты бизнес-	Базовый
менее 50 баллов	«неудовлетворительно»/ «не зачтено»	УК-4 ПК-2	УК-4.3 ПК-2.1	анализа в соответствии с выбранными подходами.  Не знает на базовом уровне: методы сбора, анализа, систематизации, хранения и поддержания в актуальном состоянии информации бизнесанализа.  Не умеет на базовом уровне: выстраивать монолог, вести диалог и полилог с соблюдением норм речевого этикета, аргументированно отстаивать свои позиции и идеи; владеет нормами и моделями речевого поведения применительно к конкретной ситуации академического и профессионального взаимодействия; планировать, организовывать и проводить встречи и обсуждения с заинтересованными сторонами; оформлять результаты бизнесанализа в соответствии с выбранными подходами.	Компетенции не сформированы