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МИНИСТЕРСТВО НАУКИ И ВЫСШЕГО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ РОССИЙСКОЙ ФЕДЕРАЦИИ

Федеральное государственное бюджетное образовательное учреждение высшего образования «Российский экономический университет имени Г.В. Плеханова» Краснодарский филиал РЭУ им. Г.В. Плеханова

Факультет экономики, менеджмента и торговли

Кафедра бухгалтерского учета и анализа

ОЦЕНОЧНЫЕ МАТЕРИАЛЫ

по учебной дисциплине «АНАЛИЗ ДЕЛОВОЙ СИТУАЦИИ НА ИНОСТРАННОМ ЯЗЫКЕ»

Направление подготовки

38.03.02 Менеджмент

Направленность (профиль) программы Менеджмент на предприятиях ресторанно-гостиничного бизнеса и туризма

Уровень высшего образования *Бакалавриат*

Год начала подготовки 2021

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Оценочные материалы одобрены на заседании кафедры бухгалтерского учета и анализа протокол № 6 от «28» января 2021 г.

ОЦЕНОЧНЫЕ МАТЕРИАЛЫ

по учебной дисциплине «Иностранный язык профессионального общения»

ПЕРЕЧЕНЬ КОМПЕТЕНЦИЙ С УКАЗАНИЕМ РЕЗУЛЬТАТОВ ОБУЧЕНИЯ И ЭТАПОВ ИХ ФОРМИРОВАНИЯ ПО ДИСЦИПЛИНЕ

| Формируемые компетенции (код и наименование компетенции) | Индикаторы достижения компетенций (код и наименование индикатора) | Результаты обучения (знания, умения) | Наименование контролируемых разделов и тем |
|---|---|--|--|
| УК-4. Способен осуществлять деловую коммуникацию в устной и письменной формах на государственном языке Российской Федерации и иностранном (ых) языке (ах) | УК-4.3. Использует диалог для сотрудничества в социальной и профессиональной сферах | УК-4.3. У-1. Владеет нормами и моделями речевого поведения применительно к конкретной ситуации академического и профессионального взаимодействия УК-4.3. У-2. Умеет выстраивать монолог, вести диалог и полилог с соблюдением норм речевого этикета, аргументированно отстаивать свои позиции и идеи | Тема 1. Деловой стиль общения Тема 2. Деловая корреспонденция. Тема 3. Устройство на работу. Тема 4. Построение взаимоотношений с клиентами. Тема 5. Онлайн коммуникация Тема 6. Международное сотрудничество. |
| ПК-4 Поиск, привлечение, подбор и отбор персонала | ПК-4.2 Информирование и консультирование руководителей подразделений и организации по вопросам привлечения персонала с оценкой затрат | ПК-4.2. 3-1. Знает технологии и методики поиска, привлечения, подбора и отбора персонала; ПК-4.2. 3-2. Знает основы экономики, организации труда и управления персоналом; нормы этики делового общения ПК-4.2. У-1. Умеет применять технологии и методики поиска, привлечения, подбора и отбора кандидатов на вакантные должности (профессии, специальности) в соответствие с их спецификой. ПК-4.2. У-2. Умеет соблюдать нормы этики делового общения | Тема 1. Деловой стиль общения Тема 2. Деловая корреспонденция. Тема 3. Устройство на работу. Тема 4. Построение взаимоотношений с клиентами. Тема 5. Онлайн коммуникация Тема 6. Международное сотрудничество. |

МЕТОДИЧЕСКИЕ МАТЕРИАЛЫ, ХАРАКТЕРИЗУЮЩИЕ ЭТАПЫ ФОРМИРОВАНИЯ КОМПЕТЕНЦИЙ

Перечень учебных заданий на аудиторных занятиях

Тема 1. Деловой стиль общения.

Индикаторы достижения: УК-4.3, ПК-4.2

Опрос по темам:

- 1. How to write emails in a formal and informal style?
- 2. How to introduce yourself at negotiations?
- 3. How to write a memo to all staff?
- 4. How to write a formal email with apologies?
- 5. How to write a formal email with requests?

Тема 2. Деловая корреспонденция.

Индикаторы достижения УК-4.3, ПК-4.2

Опрос по темам:

- 1. What is perfect competition?
- 2. What factors can cause market changes?
- 3. Why are monopolies and oligopolies considered uncompetitive and undesirable? How do they act in the competitive environment?
- 4. What connects the world of competitive sport to competitive business?
- 5. Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of being a freelancer.

Тема 3. Устройство на работу.

Индикаторы достижения: УК-4.3, ПК-4.2

Вопросы для групповой дискуссии:

- 1. What is the importance of team building? Describe the stages if team life.
- 2. What are the criteria for quality in the organization you would like to work for?
- 3. How does a company produce new ideas?
- 4. Speak about different theories and factors that make people satisfied with their work and motivate them.
- 5. How have job priorities among employees have changed over the last 10 years?

Тема 4. Построение взаимоотношений с клиентами.

Индикаторы достижения: УК-4.3, ПК-4.2

Опрос по темам:

- 1. What role does DICE theory play in change management?
- 2. Which are DICE theory's 4 core elements?
- 3. Define the 4 hard factors of Change Management.
- 4. Define the process of Project Management.
- 5. How is it linked to SMART business objectives? Why do projects generally fail?

Тема 5. Онлайн коммуникация.

Индикаторы достижения: УК-4.3, ПК-4.2

Опрос по темам:

- 1. Explain the concept of 4Ps, as well later added 3Ps.
- 2. What do the 4Cs stand for? Compare 4Ps and 4Cs.
- 3. What are the benefits of selling On- & Offline?
- 4. What is brand identity and how does it work?
- 5. What 3 elements make the branding successful according to Mary Jo Hatch and Majken Shultz?

Тема 6. Международное сотрудничество. Индикаторы достижения: УК-4.3, ПК-4.2

Вопросы для групповой дискуссии:

- 1. Define the process of raising finance from the point of view of business owner and from investor.
- 2. In which ways can a business raise finance, and what are the advantages and the disadvantages of each one.
- 3. Speak about the problems of raising finance from the "angel" networking clubs, bank finance and venture capital funds.
- 4. Give the tips how to achieve customer satisfaction and how to reduce customer defection?
- 5. How are customer service requirements changing? How to train staff to deal with demanding customers?

Критерии оценки (в баллах):

- 6,6 баллов выставляется обучающемуся, если он свободно владеет материалом по существу заданных вопросов, логично излагает мысли, проявляет способность аргументировать ответы, подкрепляя их примерами;
- 4,6 баллов выставляется обучающемуся, если он владеет материалом в полном объеме, отвечает последовательно, демонстрирует умение сравнивать и обобщать теоретический материал, допускает лишь мелкие неточности, не влияющие на сущность ответа;
- 2,6 баллов выставляется обучающемуся, если он знает материал курса дисциплины недостаточно полно, отвечает не всегда последовательно, сбивчиво и бессистемно;
- 0 баллов выставляется обучающемуся, если в ответе допущены значительные ошибки, свидетельствующие о недостаточном уровне его подготовки.

Задания для текущего контроля

Тема 1. Деловой стиль общения

Индикаторы достижения: УК-4.3, ПК-4.2

Комплект тестов / тестовых заданий:

- 1. Give the definitions to the following words:
- 1. Communication –
- 2. Technical knowledge –
- 3. Intranet –
- 4. Knowledge officer –
- 5. Facilitate -
- 2. Give the appropriate words to the following definitions:
- 6. the promotional message aimed at creating an image, enhancing reputation, building goodwill, or advocating an idea or the philosophy of an organization, instead of sales promotion.
- 7. the act of understanding by means of the sense or of the mind
- 8.– a place at which all interactions between a customer and a product seller are provided
- 9.— connections between a person giving money to an organization and this organization in order to get profit
- 10.— a specific branch or field of study or business
- 3. Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

bush grapevine nutshell stick wall

- 11 I heard it on the you've been promoted.
- 12 I asked Rudy to say yes or no, but he just beat around the

| a) articulate b) vague c) coherent d) emotional |
|--|
| 5. His responses were completely I learned nothing from them as there was no detail |
| at all. |
| a) vague b) inhibited c) concise d) extrovert 6. You can get |
| make excuses when no one can see you. |
| a) off b) away with c) out d) on with |
| 7. Email is also a good way of directly your ideas or products to someone powerful |
| who you may not be able to meet otherwise. |
| a) launching b) engaging c) influencing d) pitching |
| 8. Could you please what you mean exactly? I'm not sure I fully understand. |
| a) engage b) clarify c) interrupt d) digress |
| 9. The audience was extremely to our product presentation and asked lots of questions |
| Some even placed big orders. |
| a) focused b) persuasive c) eloquent d) responsive |
| 10. The speaker kept and talking about his own experiences instead of the main topic. |
| a) digressing b) confusing c) interrupting d) clarifying |
| 11. When it launched, Facebook was to students. |
| a) closed b) only available c) marketed mostly 12. Universities social media networks. |
| 12. Universities social media networks. |
| a) use b) fail to understand c) discourage the use of |
| 13. Many business schools have their own intranet that they feel Facebook. |
| a) is much better than b) could be replaced with c) competes with |
| 14. The article says that business schools don't have the resources available to big companies such as Facebook. |
| a) financial b) IT c) networking |
| 15. According to the article, the over-35s group is a Facebook market. |
| a) growing b) steady c) shrinking |
| |
| Тема 3. Устройство на работу. |
| Индикаторы достижения: УК-4.3, ПК-4.2 |
| Задания для контрольной работы: |
| Task 1. Choose the best word from the brackets to fill the gap |
| 1. We pay reasonable salaries and offer excellent fringe (perks/tips/benefits). |
| 2. There are currently 780,000 people work in the UK (away from/ out of/ out off). |
| 3. The 7.30 train to London is always full of (commuters/communers/committers). |
| 4. When the CEO was arrested our corporate was severely damaged (picture/image/logo). |
| 5. Our company is, but our managing director behaves as if it belonged to him (state-owned/state-governed/state-guided). |
| owned/state-governed/state-guided). |
| Task 2. In each gap write one word starting with the given letter |
| 1. Started fifty years ago as a family e, now it is a large multinational. |
| 2. You will get a \$800 salary plus 20% c on any sales you make. |
| 3. We have a f system but everyone must be in the office between 10 and 2. |
| 4. After the railways were p the new owners laid off many workers. |
| 5. I said hello to Jane but she did not return my g |
| • |
| Task 3.Complete the text with the words given below |
| approachable boring extended exciting temporary |
| Mary James used to think that working for the same organization all the time was 1), so she |
| preferred 2)jobs. But already in the very first days of her work for ADV she felt that she |
| wanted to stay there. It was not that her job in ADV was more 3) than in other companies |

where she had worked. It was the atmosphere that made the difference. All people around her were nice and friendly, all managers were open and 4) It seemed to Mary that relations between co-workers were like in a big 5) family. Тема 4. Построение взаимоотношений с клиентами. Индикаторы достижения: УК-4.3, ПК-4.2 Задания для контрольной работы: Task 1. Choose the best word from the brackets to fill the gap 1. We pay reasonable salaries and offer excellent fringe (perks/tips/benefits). 2. There are currently 780,000 people work in the UK (away from/ out of/ out off). 3. The 7.30 train to London is always full of (commuters/communers/committers). 4. When the CEO was arrested our corporate was severely damaged (picture/image/logo). 5. Our company is, but our managing director behaves as if it belonged to him (stateowned/state-governed/state-guided). Task 2. In each gap write one word starting with the given letter 1.S tarted fifty years ago as a family e-----, now it is a large multinational. 2. You will get a \$800 salary plus 20% c----- on any sales you make. 3. We have a f----- system but everyone must be in the office between 10 and 2. 4. After the railways were p----- the new owners laid off many workers. 5. I said hello to Jane but she did not return my g-----. Task 3.Complete the text with the words given below approachable boring extended exciting temporary Mary James used to think that working for the same organization all the time was 1), so she preferred 2) jobs. But already in the very first days of her work for ADV she felt that she wanted to stay there. It was not that her job in ADV was more 3) than in other companies where she had worked. It was the atmosphere that made the difference. All people around her were co-workers were like in a big 5) family. Тема 5. Онлайн коммуникация. Индикаторы достижения: УК-4.3, ПК-4.2 Комплект тестов / тестовых заланий: 1. MBA students at Haas first meet one another _ b) using the Haas intranet a) when they arrive c) on Facebook 2. Most Haas students and alumni use networking site. a) only their favourite b) more than one c) the Business Because 3. We've that the risks are minimal so we're going ahead with the expansion plan. a) calculated b) weighed c) minimised d) faced 4. You can never really _ all risks, but you can limit them. b) encounter c) eliminate a) emanate d) expect 5. Several people had accidents because of the faulty product. The company will have to pay ____ costs. a) responsibility b) damages c) catastrophe d) liability 6. Once we have _____ any risks which may occur, we can then do everything we can to avoid them. a) identified b) insured c) reduced 7. When we start doing business overseas we're likely to many unfamiliar risks so

we must be careful.

| a) reduce b) gauge c) assess d) face |
|---|
| 8. We're taking a risk investing heavily in expansion in the current economic climate |
| We could lose everything. |
| a) potential b) tremendous c) miniscule d) immediate |
| 9. The chances of another ship sinking tomorrow are It's just not going to happen |
| again for a very long time. |
| a) negligible b) considerable c) substantial d) huge |
| 10. We need to the pros and cons of this joint venture. Is it really as good as it seems t |
| be? |
| a) encounter b) foresee c) evaluate d) anticipate |
| 11. It's unlikely that there will be another such as an earthquake or tsunami in the |
| region for quite a while, so we don't need to worry. |
| a) damages b) catastrophe c) accumulation d) liability |
| 12. No one could have the events which led to the disaster last year. They were totally |
| unexpected. |
| a) predicted b) estimated c) calculated d) faced |
| 13. The electricity has been so the electricity company can do major repairs to the |
| network. |
| a) mismatched b) disconnected c) broken down d) reduced |
| 14. Team building exercises should creativity in their participants, so they usually include |
| exercises that require imagination. |
| a) build b) motivate c) inspire d) break down |
| 15. One of our main income is the service side of the business. |
| a) streams b) ventures c) barriers d) locations |
| Тема 6. Международное сотрудничество. |
| Индикаторы достижения: УК-4.3, ПК-4.2 |
| |
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| Комплект тестов / тестовых заданий: 1. The main purpose of team building courses is to |
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| Комплект тестов / тестовых заданий: 1. The main purpose of team building courses is to |

| 11. I think we | 've been talking | g at cross | Shall | we start again? | • |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------------|
| a) purposes | b) rapport | c) meaning | d) reasons | | |
| 12. Customers | are loyal to the | ose companies | who are prepar | ed to | the extra mile with their |
| customer serv | ice. | | | | |
| a) put | b) do | c) go | d) make | | |
| 13. We need to | o get to the | of th | is and find out | what the real p | roblem is. |
| a) top | b) centre | c) bottom | d) middle | | |
| 14. Customer | care staff are tr | ained to develo | op a | _ with their | customers. |
| a) relation | b) rapport | c) report | d) feeli | ing | |
| 15. I think we | were | off. We p | aid far too mu | ch for those ch | airs. |
| a) ripped | b) taken | c) pass | ed | d) paid | |

Критерии оценки (в баллах):

- 6,6 баллов выставляется обучающемуся, если было получено 85-100% правильных вариантов ответов на вопросы тестов или на задания, предусмотренные контрольной работой;
- 4,6 баллов выставляется обучающемуся, если было получено 70-84% правильных вариантов ответов на вопросы тестов или на задания, предусмотренные контрольной работой;
- 2,6 баллов выставляется обучающемуся, если было получено 50-69% правильных вариантов ответов на вопросы тестов или на задания, предусмотренные контрольной работой;
- 0 баллов выставляется обучающемуся, если было получено менее 50% правильных вариантов ответов на вопросы тестов или на задания, предусмотренные контрольной работой.

Задания для творческого рейтинга

Тема 1. Деловой стиль общения

Индикаторы достижения: УК-4.3, ПК-4.2

Темы докладов:

- 1. Конкуренция. Составляющие понятие конкуренции.
- 2. Типы деривативов.
- 3. Составление диаграмм связей и конспектирование.
- 4. Тенденции бизнеса и будущее. STEEP анализ
- 5. Мировая индустрия и глобальный потребитель.
- 6. Правила оформления текста для слайдов презентации
- 7. Система вознаграждения в российских и международных компаниях.
- 8. Роль финансовых фьючерсов на бирже.
- 9. Первый деловой контакт по email.
- 10. Теория Э. де Боно.
- 11. Хедж фонды и инвестиционные фонды.
- 12. Описание бизнес-процесса.

Тема 2. Деловая корреспонденция.

Индикаторы достижения: УК-4.3, ПК-4.2

Темы индивидуальных проектов:

- 1. STEEP Analysis of Global Companies
- 2. Designs for Cultivating Creative Thinking at work

- 3. Recent Multinational Mergers /outcomes/
- 4. Project Management Company Profile
- 5. Financial planning
- 6. Microfinance Institutions
- 7. SWOT Analysis of auditing companies in Russia

Тема 3. Устройство на работу.

Индикаторы достижения: УК-4.3, ПК-4.2

Темы индивидуальных проектов:

- 1. STEEP Analysis of Global Companies
- 2. Designs for Cultivating Creative Thinking at work
- 3. Recent Multinational Mergers /outcomes/
- 4. Project Management Company Profile
- 5. Financial planning
- 6. Microfinance Institutions
- 7. SWOT Analysis of auditing companies in Russia

Тема 4. Построение взаимоотношений с клиентами.

Индикаторы достижения: УК-4.3, ПК-4.2

Темы групповых проектов:

- 1. Categories of stocks and shares
- 2. Successful Company Employee Reward Systems
- 3. Organization Framework
- 4. Company Change Management Programs
- 5. Shareholders
- 6. Adoption and Implementation of ABC Accounting Method in Russia or in other countries
- 7. Socially Responsible Companies

Тема 5. Онлайн коммуникация.

Индикаторы достижения: УК-4.3, ПК-4.2

Темы эссе:

- 1. Эффективное управление
- 2. Управление человеческими ресурсами
- 3. Управление временем
- 4. Управление доходами
- 5. Менеджмент Организации
- 6. Финансовый Менеджмент
- 7. Менеджмент коммерческой деятельности
- 8. Менеджмент предпринимательской деятельности
- 9. Управление инновационным бизнесом
- 10. Финансовые документы

Тема 6. Международное сотрудничество.

Индикаторы достижения: УК-4.3, ПК-4.2

Темы индивидуальных проектов:

- 1. STEEP Analysis of Global Companies
- 2. Designs for Cultivating Creative Thinking at work
- 3. Recent Multinational Mergers /outcomes/
- 4. Project Management Company Profile
- 5. Financial planning
- 6. Microfinance Institutions
- 7. SWOT Analysis of auditing companies in Russia

Критерии оценки (в баллах):

- 5 баллов выставляется обучающемуся, если он свободно владеет материалом по существу заданных вопросов, логично излагает мысли, проявляет способность аргументировать ответы;
- 3 балла выставляется обучающемуся, если он владеет материалом в полном объеме, отвечает последовательно, демонстрирует умение сравнивать и обобщать материал, допускает лишь мелкие неточности, не влияющие на сущность ответа;
- 2 балла выставляется обучающемуся, если он знает материал курса дисциплины недостаточно полно, отвечает не всегда последовательно;
- 0 баллов выставляется обучающемуся, если ответ не соответствует требованиям и требует доработки.

МЕТОДИЧЕСКИЕ МАТЕРИАЛЫ, ХАРАКТЕРИЗУЮЩИЕ ЭТАПЫ ФОРМИРОВАНИЯ КОМПЕТЕНЦИЙ ВО ВРЕМЯ ПРОВЕДЕНИЯ ПРОМЕЖУТОЧНОЙ АТТЕСТАЦИИ

Структура зачетного задания

| Наименование оценочного средства | Максимальное количество баллов |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Вопрос 1 | 10 |
| Вопрос 2 | 10 |
| Выполнение тестового задания. | 20 |

Задания, включаемые в зачетное задание

Типовой перечень вопросов к зачету с оценкой:

Индикаторы достижения: УК-4.3, ПК-4.2

- 1. Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of being a freelancer.
- 2. Describe the motivator factors.
- 3. What are the main causes of stress in the job? How would you combat stress?
- 4. Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of flexible working hours?
- 5. What is the importance of team building? Describe the stages if team life.
- 6. What are the criteria for quality in the organization you would like to work for?
- 7. What benefits are claimed for a merger and takeover?
- 8. How does a company produce new ideas?
- 9. What are the risks for an organization? How does it handle risks?
- 10. Describe the main assets of the company.
- 11. What are the ethical issues of the company?
- 12. What factors should be taken into account when measuring the level of development of a country?
- 13. Describe social responsibility issues in an organization.
- 14. Are you optimistic about the capacity of the planet for future growth?
- 15. How is knowledge shared in the organization?
- 16. Speak about forecasting and budgeting in corporate finance.
- 17. What are the main areas of business communication? Speak about internal and external ways of communication.
- 18. What is the difference between face to face communication and written forms of communication? Give the advantages and disadvantages of both ways.
- 19. Does technology make communication easier? Give examples.
- 20. How do you understand the watchword "Think global, act local"? What are the methods and stages of entering overseas markets?
- 21. What is the image of Tod's? What challenges have they faced entering new markets?
- 22. How can products be designed to be suitable for international markets?
- 23. Is business-to-business relationship important for doing business? Speak about networking events.
- 24. Speak about stakeholder theory. What is the effect of a large company's activity on the places where it operates?
- 25. What advice would you give to someone trying to develop business relationships in China?

- 26. What are the success factors relating to people, products, companies and countries? What is the key to success?
- 27. What are the essential qualities of a successful business? Give example of a successful business and reasons for its success.
- 28. What can you say about such things as continuity, anticipation, contestation and mobility? What are the possible disadvantages of them?
- 29. Speak about different theories and factors that make people satisfied with their work and motivate them.
- 30. How have job priorities among employees have changed over the last 10 years?
- 31. What are the benefits of working for Marriot Hotels International?
- 32. What is the model for leadership in business? Speak about recent trends in leadership.
- 33. What are the qualities for a successful manager today, compared to the past?
- 34. Describe the management style of Anna Wintour. What are the advantages and disadvantages of her style?
- 35. Describe models for team roles and stages of team life.
- 36. Do attitudes to team-working vary in different countries? How can business build a successful team?
- 37. Why is it so popular to attend a cookery course as part of a team-building exercise? Give at least 5 reasons with explanations.
- 38. Define the process of raising finance from the point of view of business owner and from investor.
- 39. In which ways can a business raise finance, and what are the advantages and the disadvantages of each one.
- 40. Speak about the problems of raising finance from the "angel" networking clubs, bank finance and venture capital funds.
- 41. Give the tips how to achieve customer satisfaction and how to reduce customer defection?
- 42. How are customer service requirements changing? How to train staff to deal with demanding customers?
- 43. Give examples of different accidents in companies. What are the reasons, and what is the effect on companies? What should companies do deal with such situations.
- 44. What should companies do to prepare themselves to manage crisis, during the crisis and after it?
- 45. Give at least two examples of crises happened in different companies, how they deal with it and what lessons can be learned.
- 46. Speak about different hostile and friendly forms of cooperation between companies.
- 47. What are the reasons of mergers and acquisitions' failure? What should companies do to succeed in business integration?
- 48. What do large companies have that smaller companies don't? And, what values are transported from smaller companies to large multinationals?
- 49. How to manage payments? Speak about business development.

Типовые тестовые задания:

Индикаторы достижения: УК-4.3, ПК-4.2

I. Give the definitions to the following words:

- 1. Communication –
- 2. Technical knowledge –
- 3. Intranet –
- 4. Knowledge officer –
- 5. Facilitate -

II. Give the appropriate words to the following definitions:

- 6. the promotional message aimed at creating an image, enhancing reputation, building goodwill, or advocating an idea or the philosophy of an organization, instead of sales promotion.
- 7. the act of understanding by means of the sense or of the mind
- 8.- a place at which all interactions between a customer and a product seller are provided
- 9.— connections between a person giving money to an organization and this organization in order to get profit
- 10.– a specific branch or field of study or business

A: Right got that.

c) catch that

b) it's a very bad line

d) Can I call you back

a) really terrible connection

e) Could you speak up please

| III. Complete the sentences with the words in the box. |
|---|
| bush grapevine nutshell stick wall |
| 11 I heard it on the you've been promoted. |
| 12 I asked Rudy to say yes or no, but he just beat around the . |
| 13 Look, in a , my trip to Singapore was a huge success. |
| 14 I think you got the wrong end of the . I'm not going on holiday, I'm going on a business |
| trip. |
| 15 John just doesn't listen. It's like talking to a brick . |
| IV Choose the correct option (a-d). |
| 16 The new assistant manager is rather He doesn't say much or seem very confident. |
| a) reserved b) eloquent c) responsive d) rambling |
| 17 I'd like you to be more in your summary. I don't need every minor detail, just a |
| broad outline of the key points. |
| a) hesitant b) fluent c) succinct d) sensitive |
| 18 It was very of you to mention the mistake he made in front of everyone. He was |
| very upset. |
| a) persuasive b) tactless c) inhibited d) focused |
| 19 His presentation wasn't particularly It didn't link together very well at all. |
| a) articulate b) vague c) coherent d) emotional |
| 20 His responses were completely I learned nothing from them as there was no detail |
| at all. |
| a) vague b) inhibited c) concise d) extrovert |
| V. Complete the telephone conversation with the correct option (a–e). |
| A: Xenon Components, JanJohannsen speaking. |
| B: Hello Jan. Yoshi here from Tenta Manufacturing. |
| A: Hi Yoshi. How can I help you? |
| B: We need 10,000 more of the 125Z components. |
| A: Sorry, (21)? |
| B: 125Z components. |
| A: I still can't hear you very well. (23)? |
| B: Of course. |
| (Yoshi's phone rings) |
| A: Hi, Yoshi, Jan here, let's start again. |
| B: 125Z – 10,000 units and we also need some of the 253S plastic sheets |
| A: Sorry, I didn't (24), it's a (25) |
| B: 253S plastic sheets. |

Тестовые задания к зачету

Индикаторы достижения: УК-4.3, ПК-4.2

| Choose the correct option (| a–d). | | |
|--|------------------|-------------------|---|
| 1. The new assistant manag | ger is rather | He d | oesn't say much or seem very confident. |
| a) reserved b) eloquent | | | |
| 2. I'd like you to be more _ | in y | our summary. | I don't need every minor detail, just a |
| broad outline of the key poin | | | |
| a) hesitant b) fluent | | | |
| 3. It was very | of you to menti | on the mistake | he made in front of everyone. He was |
| very upset. | | | |
| a) persuasive b) tactless | | | |
| 4. His presentation wasn't p | particularly | It dic | In't link together very well at all. |
| | | | |
| 5. His responses were comp | oletely | I learned | nothing from them as there was no detail |
| at all. | | | |
| a) vague b) inhibited | | | |
| | | ail instead of fa | ce-to-face meetings because it's easier to |
| make excuses when no one c | an see you. | | |
| a) off b) away with c) out | | | |
| 7. Email is also a good way | of directly | your i | deas or products to someone powerful |
| who you may not be able to i | meet otherwise. | | |
| a) launching b) engaging | | | |
| 8. Could you please | what you | mean exactly? | I'm not sure I fully understand. |
| a) engage b) clarify | c) interrupt | d) digress | |
| 9. The audience was extrem | nely | _ to our produc | t presentation and asked lots of questions. |
| Some even placed big orders | | | |
| a) focused b) persuasive | c) eloquent | d) responsive | |
| 10. The speaker kept | and talkir | ng about his ow | n experiences instead of the main topic. |
| a) digressing b) confusing | c) interrupting | d) clarifying | |
| 11. When it launched, Faceb | ook was | to stud | lents. |
| a) closed | b) only availab | ole | c) marketed mostly |
| 12. Universities | social media | networks. | |
| a) use | b) fail to under | rstand | c) discourage the use of |
| 13. Many business schools h | ave their own in | ntranet that they | feelFacebook. |
| a) is much better than | b) could be rep | placed with | c) competes with |
| 14. The article says that busi | ness schools do | n't have the | resources available to big |
| companies such as Facebook | | | |
| a) financial | b) IT | | c) networking |
| 15. According to the article, | the over-35s gre | oup is a | Facebook market. |
| a) growing | b) steady | | c) shrinking |
| 16. MBA students at Haas fi | rst meet one and | other | _ . |
| 16. MBA students at Haas fi a) when they arrive | b) using the H | aas intranet | c) on Facebook |
| 17. Most Haas students and a | | | |
| a) only their favourite | | | |
| | | | going ahead with the expansion plan. |
| a) calculated b) weighed | | | |
| 19. You can never really | | | limit them. |
| a) emanate b) encounter | | | |
| | <i>'</i> | , L | uct. The company will have to pay |
| productcosts. | | • • | 2 2 |

| a) responsibility b) dama | iges c) cata | strophe d) liability | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------|
| 21. Once we have | _ any risks wh | nich may occur, we can then do | everything we can |
| to avoid them. | | | |
| a) identified b) insured | c) reduced | d) spread | |
| 22. When we start doing busing | ness overseas | we're likely to many | unfamiliar risks so |
| we must be careful. | | | |
| a) reduce b) gauge | c) assess | d) face | |
| 23. We're taking a | risk investir | ng heavily in expansion in the current | economic climate. |
| We could lose everything. | | | |
| a) potential b) tremendous | c) miniscule | d) immediate | |
| 24. The chances of another sh | ip sinking tom | norrow are It's just not | going to happen |
| again for a very long time. | | | |
| a) negligible b) considerable | c) subs | stantial d) huge | |
| 25. We need to ti | he pros and co | ons of this joint venture. Is it really as | good as it seems to |
| be? | | | |
| a) encounter b) foresee | c) evaluate | d) anticipate | |
| 26. It's unlikely that there wil | 1 be another _ | such as an earthquake or | tsunami in the |
| region for quite a while, so we | don't need to | worry. | |
| a) damages b) catastrophe | c) accumulation | on d) liability | |
| 27. No one could have | the event | ts which led to the disaster last year. | They were totally |
| unexpected. | | | |
| a) predicted b) estimated | c) calculated | d) faced | |
| 28. The electricity has been _ | so | the electricity company can do major | repairs to the |
| network. | | | |
| | | c) broken down d) reduced | |
| 29. Team building exercises s | hould | creativity in their participants, so they | usually include |
| exercises that require imagina | tion. | | |
| a) build b) motivate | - | | |
| | | the service side of the business. | |
| a) streams b) ventures | c) barriers | d) locations | |
| | | | |

Критерии оценки (в баллах):

- 40 баллов выставляется обучающемуся, ответы которого на поставленные в задании вопросы излагаются логично, последовательно и не требуют дополнительных пояснений, он не затрудняется с ответом при видоизменении задания, при решении практических заданий применяет верную методику и показывает глубокие знания изученного материала, подтверждает полное освоение компетенций, предусмотренных программой;
- 30 баллов выставляется обучающемуся, твердо знающему программный материал, грамотно и по существу излагающего его, допускающему не существенные неточности при освещении основного содержания ответа и в ответе на дополнительные вопросы, которые он легко исправляет по замечанию преподавателя, правильно применяющему теоретические положения при решении практических заданий, в целом подтверждает освоение компетенций, предусмотренных программой;
- 20 баллов выставляется обучающемуся, который имеет знания только основного материала, но не усвоил его детали, допускает неточности, недостаточно правильные формулировки, нарушения последовательности в изложении программного материала и испытывает трудности в выполнении практических заданий, частично раскрывает содержание дополнительных вопросов, подтверждает освоение компетенций, предусмотренных программой на минимально допустимом уровне;

- 10 балла выставляется обучающемуся, который значительную часть теоретического содержание курса не освоил, необходимые практические навыки не сформировал, не подтвердил освоение компетенций, предусмотренных программой.

Расчет баллов по выполнению учебных заданий на аудиторных занятиях и результатам текущего контроля

Расчет баллов по выполнению учебных заданий на аудиторных занятиях и результатам текущего контроля представлен в таблице.

| Форма проведения текущего контроля | Номер темы, выносимой на контроль | Максимальное количество работ, опросов на 1 студента в семестр | Количество баллов, максимально |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| Выполнение учебных заданий на аудиторных занятиях | | | |
| Опрос | 1, 2, 4, 5 | 4 | 13 |
| Групповая дискуссия | 3, 6 | 2 | 7 |
| Всего: | | | 20 |
| Текущий контроль, в т.ч.: | | | |
| Контрольная работа | 3, 4 | 2 | 7 |
| Тест | 1, 2, 5, 6 | 4 | 13 |
| Всего: | | | 20 |

Критерии оценки творческого рейтинга

Распределение баллов осуществляется по решению кафедры и результат распределения баллов за соответствующие виды работ представляется в виде следующей таблицы

| Вид работы по темам дисциплины | Количество баллов, |
|---|--------------------|
| | максимально |
| Выполнение индивидуального проекта, группового проекта, эссе, доклада | 5 |
| Разработка в составе команды для последующего использования в учебном процессе: - наглядных пособий, - лекции-визуализации, - сценария деловой игры, - одной или нескольких ситуационных задач или кейсов, - сценария дискуссии, в том числе в форме виртуальной дискуссии, мозгового штурма, тематического круглого стола, - кроссворда, - тестов. | 5 |
| Публикация авторской статьи и (или) написание студенческой научной работы, участие в научной студенческой конференции | 5 |
| Работа в научных кружках и (или) участие в конкурсе студенческих научных работ, олимпиаде, создание презентации, написание реферата, доклада | 5 |
| Итого | 20 |

Показатели и критерии оценивания планируемых результатов освоения компетенций и результатов обучения, шкала оценивания

| I | Икала оценивания | Формируемые компетенции | Индикатор достижения компетенции | Критерии оценивания | Уровень освоения компетенций |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|---------------------------------|
| 85 — 100 баллов | «отлично»/ «зачтено» | УК-4 ПК-4 | УК-4.3, ПК-4.2 | Знает верно и в полном объеме: технологии и методики поиска, привлечения, подбора и отбора персонала; основы экономики, организации труда и управления персоналом; нормы этики делового общения. Умеет верно и в полном объеме: выстраивать монолог, вести диалог и полилог с соблюдением норм речевого этикета, аргументированно отстаивать свои позиции и идеи; владеет нормами и моделями речевого поведения применительно к конкретной ситуации академического и профессионального взаимодействия; применять технологии и методики поиска, привлечения, подбора и отбора кандидатов на вакантные должности (профессии, специальности) в соответствие с их спецификой; соблюдать нормы этики делового общения. | Продвинутый |
| 70 – 84 баллов | «хорошо»/ «зачтено» | УК-4 ПК-4 | УК-4.3, ПК-4.2 | Знает с незначительными замечаниями: технологии и методики поиска, привлечения, подбора и отбора персонала; основы экономики, организации труда и управления персоналом; нормы этики делового общения. Умеет с незначительными замечаниями: выстраивать монолог, вести диалог и полилог с соблюдением норм речевого этикета, аргументированно отстаивать свои позиции и идеи; владеет нормами и моделями речевого поведения применительно к конкретной ситуации академического и профессионального взаимодействия; применять технологии и методики поиска, привлечения, подбора и отбора | Повышенный |

| | Т | | 1 | | |
|-----------------------|--|------|-------------------|---|---|
| | | | | кандидатов на вакантные | |
| | | | | должности (профессии, | |
| | | | | специальности) в соответствие с | |
| | | | | их спецификой; соблюдать | |
| | | | | нормы этики делового общения | |
| | | УК-4 | | Знает на базовом уровне, с | Базовый |
| | «удовлетворительно»/ «зачтено» | ПК-4 | | ошибками: технологии и | |
| | | | | методики поиска, привлечения, | |
| | | | | подбора и отбора персонала; | |
| | | | | основы экономики, организации | |
| | | | | груда и управления персоналом; | |
| 50 - 69 | | | | нормы этики делового общения. | |
| | | | | Умеет на базовом уровне, с | |
| | | | | ошибками: | |
| | | | | выстраивать монолог, вести | |
| | | | | диалог и полилог с соблюдением | |
| | | | УК-4.3, | норм речевого этикета, | |
| | | | УК-4.3, ПК-4.2 | аргументированно отстаивать | |
| баллов | | | 11K-4.2 | свои позиции и идеи; владеет | |
| | | | | нормами и моделями речевого | |
| | | | | поведения применительно к конкретной ситуации | |
| | | | | академического и | |
| | | | | профессионального | |
| | | | | взаимодействия; применять | |
| | | | | технологии и методики поиска, | |
| | | | | привлечения, подбора и отбора | |
| | | | | кандидатов на вакантные | |
| | | | | должности (профессии, | |
| | | | | специальности) в соответствие с | |
| | | | | их спецификой; соблюдать | |
| | | | | нормы этики делового общения | |
| | | УК-4 | | Не знает на базовом уровне: | Компетенции не |
| | «неудовлетворительно»/ «не зачтено» | ПК-4 | | технологии и методики поиска, | сформированы |
| | | | | привлечения, подбора и отбора | · • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • |
| | | | | персонала; основы экономики, | |
| менее 50 баллов | | | | организации труда и управления | |
| | | | | персоналом; нормы этики | |
| | | | | делового общения. | |
| | | | | Не умеет на базовом уровне: - | |
| | | | | выстраивать монолог, вести | |
| | | | | диалог и полилог с соблюдением | |
| | | | | норм речевого этикета, | |
| | | | УК-4.3, ПК-4.2 | аргументированно отстаивать | |
| | | | | свои позиции и идеи; владеет | |
| | | | | нормами и моделями речевого | |
| | | | | поведения применительно к | |
| | | | | конкретной ситуации | |
| | | | | академического и | |
| | | | | профессионального | |
| | | | | взаимодействия; применять | |
| | | | | технологии и методики поиска, | |
| | | | | привлечения, подбора и отбора | |
| | | | | кандидатов на вакантные | |
| | | | | должности (профессии, | |
| | | | | специальности) в соответствие с | |
| | | | 1 | их спецификой; соблюдать | |
| | | | | нормы этики делового общения | |